

## FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA BILLINGS DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

CR 17-40-BLG-SPW

**ORDER** 

VS.

MARK STEVEN ELK SHOULDER,

Defendant.

Before the Court is Defendant Mark Steven Elk Shoulder's motion to dismiss the indictment. (Doc. 19). Elk Shoulder raises four arguments, all of which have been rejected by the Ninth Circuit: (1) the Wetterling Act is not retroactive (rejected in *United States v. Elk Shoulder*, 738 F.3d 948 (9th Cir. 2013)); (2) SORNA violates the Ex Post Facto Clause (rejected in *Elk Shoulder*, 738 F.3d 948); (3) SORNA violates the Nondelegation Doctrine (rejected in *United States v. Richardson*, 754 F.3d 1143 (9th Cir. 2014)); and (4) SORNA unconstitutionally regulates inactivity in violation of *National Federation of Independent Business v. Sebelius*, 567 U.S. 519 (2012) (rejected in *United States v. Cabrera-Gutierrez*, 756 F.3d 1125 (9th Cir. 2014)).

Elk Shoulder acknowledges the Ninth Circuit has rejected all of his arguments, but argues those cases were wrongly decided. Even if the Court agreed with Elk Shoulder, it is bound by circuit authority and has no choice but to follow it. *Hart v. Massanari*, 266 F.3d 1155, 1175 (9th Cir. 2001). Elk Shoulder's motion to dismiss (Doc. 19) is therefore DENIED.

DATED this 3/5 day of July, 2017.

SUSAN P. WATTERS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE